

**SB-iGLX
PC/104+ Single Board Computer**

Reference Guide

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1. Revision Notes

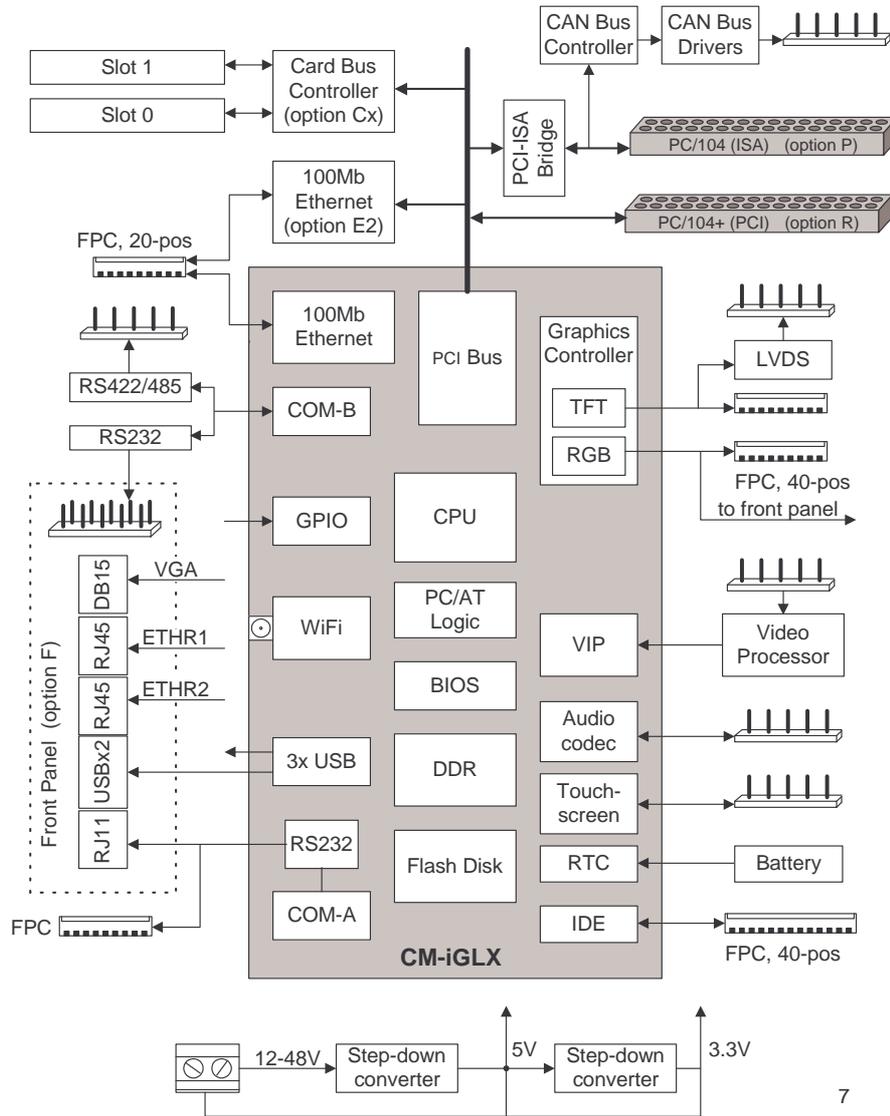
| Date | Description |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 26-Dec-2006 | ▪ Preliminary release |
| 26-Dec-2007 | ▪ Added WiFi mentioning |
| 11-Nov-2008 | ▪ Added errata regarding to CAN bus |

2. Introduction

2.1. Highlights

| | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Single Board Computer implemented by the combination of a CM-iGLX module and SB-iGLX baseboard ▪ Available in two form-factors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Standard PC/104+ - PC/104+ with front panel ▪ AMD Geode LX CPU @ 500 MHz, 256 MB SDRAM, 512 MB Flash Disk ▪ SXGA graphics controller with connectors for a LCD panel and CRT monitor ▪ WLAN / WiFi 802.11g Interface ▪ Video input and encoder ▪ PCI and ISA bus expansions in PC/104+ format ▪ Two serial ports with RS232 / RS485 / RS422 / TTL driver options ▪ Host USB ports, including keyboard & mouse support ▪ Touchscreen interface ▪ Hard disk interface ▪ Sound I/O ▪ Single or dual 100 Mbps Ethernet ports ▪ CardBus slots ▪ CANbus interface ▪ RTC with lithium battery ▪ Switched power supply for telecom and automotive applications, 3.3V to 48V operating range <p><i>Note: some of above specified features are optional</i></p> | <p>The SBC-iGLX is a standard PC/104+ compliant, single board computer. It is implemented by a CM-iGLX module providing most of the functions, and a SB-iGLX carrier board providing connectors and several additional functions. The rich feature set of the SBC-iGLX is customizable according to the price / performance targets of the user's application.</p> <p>The unique mechanical design of the SBC-iGLX allows selecting between two popular form factors: either the standard PC/104+ with headers, or an extended PC/104+ with front panel connectors.</p> <p>The SBC-iGLX contains PC/104+ expansion connectors which open it to the wide range of standard peripheral cards. Furthermore, the SBC-iGLX contains an electrical interface and slots for CardBus extension cards, which may be inserted and secured in the slot with no additional mechanical means, extending the system with capabilities such as a larger solid state disk, GPS or GSM modem.</p> |
|--|---|

2.2. Block Diagram



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2.3. Features

The "SB Option" column specifies the P/N code of SB-iGLX required for the particular feature. The "CM Option" column specifies the P/N code of CM-iGLX required for the particular feature. SB-iGLX content is the combination of features provided by the attached CM-iGLX and the features implemented on the SB-iGLX itself. To have the particular feature, both the CM and SB options of that feature must be implemented. "+" means that the feature is always available, regardless of P/N code.

| Feature | Specification | SB Option | CM Option |
|----------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------|
| CPU SDRAM Flash Disk | See Feature List of CM-iGLX module | | |
| COM-A | Rx/Tx only, RS-232 levels, RJ11 or DB9 connector | + | + |
| COM-B | Rx/Tx only, RS-232/422/485 levels, 100-mil header | X | + |
| IDE | UDMA ATA-100 interface. 40-pin FPC connector. | + | + |
| Ethernet | One or two 10/100 Mb Ethernet ports, using Realtek RTL8139: - 1st port from CoM - 2nd port from the baseboard RJ-45 connector and activity LED's provided in two options: - From baseboard's front panel - Through FPC and optional extension module | + E2 F1 + | E E |
| TFT Panel | TFT (digital RGB) panel interface. 40-pos FPC connector for direct interface to certain TFT panels | + | + |
| LVDS Panel | LVDS panel interface, through 100-mil header | L | + |
| CRT Monitor | Analog RGB interface for CRT and FP monitors, through DB15 on the front panel or through FPC and optional module | + | + |
| Video Input | Using SAA7113 video input processor | V | + |
| GPIO | up to 8 lines, on common 100-mil header | + | + |
| PCMCIA & CardBus | Slots with card guides, based on PCI1520 controller. Supports PCMCIA (16-bit) or CardBus (32-bit) standards, and card types I, II and III | C1 C2 | + + |
| Host USB | Three USB Host ports, 480 Mbps. Header for Type-A cable/connector. Two ports on front panel | + | + |

SB-iGLX PC/104+ Single Board Computer

| | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|----|
| Sound I/O Touch Panel | Wolfson WM9715L controller supporting distinct audio and touchscreen functions. Header for standard cable/connectors for Microphone (mono), Line input and Speakers (stereo). Touchscreen controller for resistive panels, pins on 100-mil header. | + | AT |
| PC104 | Standard PC/104 connector and signals. Implemented using IT8888 PCI-ISA bridge | P | + |
| PC104+ | PCI bus through standard PC/104+ connector | R | + |
| RTC Battery | Real time clock operated from on-board lithium battery | + | + |
| CAN Bus | CAN Bus controller and driver with galvanic isolation and DC separation | W | + |

Electrical, Mechanical and Environmental Specifications

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Supply Voltage | High efficiency switched power supply. Support of sleep mode. Two supply options: - Regulated 3.3V or 5.0V (3.3V-only is applicable only if module doesn't contain "A" option) - Unregulated 12V to 48V, for telecom and automotive applications |
| Power Consumption | 3W to 6W in full activity, depending on CPU speed and selected features. Below 200 mW in sleep mode |
| Dimensions | Without front panel - 96 x 91 mm With front panel - 111 x 91 mm Height ranges from 10 mm to 22 mm, depending on the connectors assembled. The height specified includes the CM-iGLX module. |
| Operation temp. (case) | Commercial : 0° to 70° C Extended : -20° to 70° C Industrial : -40° to 85° C |
| Storage temp. | -40° to 85° C |
| Relative humidity | 10% to 90% (operation) 05% to 95% (storage) |
| Shock | 50G / 20 ms |
| Vibration | 20G / 0 - 600 Hz |
| MTBF | > 100,000 hours |

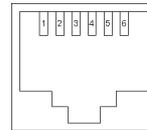
3. Connector Description

The SB-iGLX uses the attached CM-iGLX module to implement most of the provided functions. For these functions, the SB-iGLX routes the signals from the CM-iGLX's miniature connectors to the standard connectors. Each function's description is therefore provided in the CM-iGLX Reference Guide. The section below describes only the external interface connectors. The subsequent section provides the specifications of those functions implemented on the SB-iGLX itself.

3.1. COM1 Connector (P15)

RJ-11 6-pin connector, compatible with a standard RJ-11-DB9 cable, provided by CompuLab. RS-232 levels. Rx/Tx only, other modem control lines are not available. This connector is available only with the front panel option.

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|---------|-----|---------|
| 1 | NC | 2 | GND |
| 3 | COM1-TX | 4 | COM1-RX |
| 5 | GND | 6 | NC |



3.2. COM2 Header (P25)

2x5, 100 mil header, compatible with a standard DB9 cable/connector. RS-232/TTL levels. This connector is available only with the front panel option, as it physically resides on front panel part of the PCB.

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|---------|-----|---------|
| 1 | NC | 2 | COM2-RX |
| 3 | COM2-TX | 4 | NC |
| 5 | GND | 6 | NC |
| 7 | NC | 8 | NC |
| 9 | NC | 10 | NC |

3.3. CAN, USB, RS485/422 & GPIO Header (P21)

1x26, 100 mil header. USB pin assignment is directly compatible with standard cables/connectors.

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|--------------|-----|------------|
| 01 | VCC-USB4 | 14 | CAN-L |
| 02 | USB4-N | 15 | CAN-GND-IN |
| 03 | USB4-P | 16 | GND |
| 04 | GND | 17 | COM2-4-TXP |
| 05 | PME-GPIO | 18 | COM2-4-TXN |
| 06 | TMR-OUT-GPIO | 19 | GND |
| 07 | LPC-DRQ-GPIO | 20 | COM2-4-RXP |
| 08 | PWRBTN | 21 | COM2-4-RXN |
| 09 | GND | 22 | DEBUG0* |
| 10 | VCC-RTC | 23 | GND |
| 11 | VCC5 | 24 | SMB-DATA |
| 12 | CAN-VCC | 25 | SMB-CLK |
| 13 | CAN-H | 26 | GND |

Notes

- DEBUG0 is used for fail-safe boot
- LPC-DRQ-GPIO is used for RS485/422 driver control. This signal can be used as a user GPIO if the RS485/RS422 driver isn't assembled or its functionality isn't needed in the particular application.
- There is bug fix for CAN interface. In schematics, page 7: signal TXD_INA should be connected to the U7-6 (instead U7-7) and signal RXD_OUTB – to the U7-7 (instead U7-6). Currently this bug must be manually fixed in every SB-iGLX card, in order to use CAN bus interface.

3.4. Audio, Touchscreen, VIP and Reset Header (P24)

1x18 100 mil header

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| 1 | IN-L* | 10 | TX-YM |
| 2 | GND | 11 | TX-XP |
| 3 | GND | 12 | TX-XM |
| 4 | IN-R | 13 | GND |
| 5 | OUT-L | 14 | VIP1 |
| 6 | GND | 15 | GND |

| | | | |
|---|-------|----|---------|
| 7 | GND | 16 | VIP2 |
| 8 | OUT-R | 17 | GND |
| 9 | TX-YP | 18 | RST-IN# |

MIC-IN and IN-L signals are connected together; consequently, microphone recording and line-in recording can't be done simultaneously.

3.5. IDE – Hard Disk Interface (P23)

40-pin FPC connector, for IDE interface module available from CompuLab.

| Pin | IDE signal | Pin | IDE signal |
|-----|------------|-----|------------|
| 1 | IDE-D8 | 21 | IDE-D2 |
| 2 | VCC5 | 22 | IDE-D1 |
| 3 | IDE-D9 | 23 | GND |
| 4 | IDE-D10 | 24 | IDE-D0 |
| 5 | VCC5 | 25 | IDE-CS0# |
| 6 | IDE-D11 | 26 | GND |
| 7 | IDE-D12 | 27 | IDE-IORDY |
| 8 | GND | 28 | IDE-IRQ |
| 9 | IDE-D13 | 29 | IDE-IOW# |
| 10 | IDE-D14 | 30 | GND |
| 11 | GND | 31 | IDE-A0 |
| 12 | IDE-D15 | 32 | IDE-IOR# |
| 13 | IDE-D7 | 33 | GND |
| 14 | GND | 34 | IDE-CS1# |
| 15 | IDE-D6 | 35 | IDE-DACK# |
| 16 | IDE-D5 | 36 | IDE-A2 |
| 17 | GND | 37 | GND |
| 18 | IDE-D4 | 38 | IDE-A1 |
| 19 | IDE-D3 | 39 | IDE-DRQ |
| 20 | GND | 40 | PCI-RST# |

3.6. CardBus / PCMCIA slots (P6, P7 and P5, P8)

These 68-pin PC Card slots conform to the CardBus and PCMCIA standards. They include card guides. The SB-iGLX can be assembled with either none, one or two PC Card slots. The signal names below are specified for both P4 and P5 slots; however, they are physically connected to separate signal groups of the controller. The selection of PCMCIA versus CardBus mode is performed automatically under driver control, according to the inserted card type.

| Pin | PCMCIA | CardBus | Pin | PCMCIA | CardBus |
|-----|--------|---------|-----|--------|---------|
|-----|--------|---------|-----|--------|---------|

| | Name | Name | | Name | Name |
|----|------------|----------|----|----------|----------|
| 1 | GND | GND | 35 | GND | GND |
| 2 | D3 | CAD0 | 36 | CD1# | CCD1# |
| 3 | D4 | CAD1 | 37 | D11 | CAD2 |
| 4 | D5 | CAD3 | 38 | D12 | CAD4 |
| 5 | D6 | CAD5 | 39 | D13 | CAD6 |
| 6 | D7 | CAD7 | 40 | D14 | RFU |
| 7 | CE1# | CCBE0# | 41 | D15 | CAD8 |
| 8 | A10 | CAD9 | 42 | CE2# | CAD10 |
| 9 | OE# | CAD11 | 43 | VS1# | CVS1 |
| 10 | A11 | CAD12 | 44 | IOR# | CAD13 |
| 11 | A9 | CAD14 | 45 | IOW# | CAD15 |
| 12 | A8 | CCBE1# | 46 | A17 | CAD16 |
| 13 | A13 | CPAR | 47 | A18 | RFU |
| 14 | A14 | CPERR# | 48 | A19 | CBLOCK# |
| 15 | WE# | CGNT# | 49 | A20 | CSTOP# |
| 16 | RDY#/IREQ# | CINT# | 50 | A21 | CDEVSEL# |
| 17 | VCC | VCC | 51 | VCC | VCC |
| 18 | VPP1 | VPP1 | 52 | VPP2 | VPP2 |
| 19 | A16 | CCLK | 53 | A22 | CTRDY# |
| 20 | A15 | CIRDY# | 54 | A23 | CFRAME# |
| 21 | A12 | CCBE2# | 55 | A24 | CAD17 |
| 22 | A7 | CAD18 | 56 | A25 | CAD19 |
| 23 | A6 | CAD20 | 57 | VS2# | CVS2 |
| 24 | A5 | CAD21 | 58 | RESET | CRST# |
| 25 | A4 | CAD22 | 59 | WAIT | CSERR# |
| 26 | A3 | CAD23 | 60 | INPACK# | CREQ# |
| 27 | A2 | CAD24 | 61 | REG# | CCBE3# |
| 28 | A1 | CAD25 | 62 | BVD2/SPK | CAUDIO |
| 29 | A0 | CAD26 | 63 | BVD1/STS | CSTSCHG |
| 30 | D0 | CAD27 | 64 | D8 | CAD28 |
| 31 | D1 | CAD29 | 65 | D9 | CAD30 |
| 32 | D2 | RFU | 66 | D10 | CAD31 |
| 33 | WP/IOIS# | CCLKRUN# | 67 | CD2# | CCD2# |
| 34 | GND | GND | 68 | GND | GND |

PC-Card slot types:

- In single slot assembly, the slot can accommodate all types of PC-Cards - Type I, II or III.

- In dual slot assembly, the inner slot can accommodate Type I and II cards only, due to height limitations, while the outer slot can accommodate all types.

3.7. CRT / FPM Connector (P12)

A standard DB-15 connector is used to connect the CRT display directly. This connector is available only with the front panel option.

| Pin | Name |
|-----|-------|
| 1 | RED |
| 2 | GREEN |
| 3 | BLUE |
| 4 | N/C |
| 5 | GND |
| 6 | GND |
| 7 | GND |
| 8 | GND |
| 9 | VCC3 |
| 10 | GND |
| 11 | N/C |
| 12 | N/C |
| 13 | HSYNC |
| 14 | VSYNC |
| 15 | N/C |

3.8. LCD Panel Connector (P16)

40-pin FPC connector for TFT panels

| Pin | Name |
|-----|------------|
| 01 | NC |
| 02 | LCD-VDD-EN |
| 03 | GND |
| 04 | LCD-R0 |
| 05 | LCD-R1 |
| 06 | VCC3 |
| 07 | LCD-R2 |
| 08 | LCD-R3 |
| 09 | GND |
| 10 | LCD-R4 |
| 11 | LCD-R5 |
| 12 | VCC3 |

| Pin | Name |
|-----|--------|
| 21 | VCC3 |
| 22 | NC |
| 23 | NC |
| 24 | GND |
| 25 | NC |
| 26 | LCD-B0 |
| 27 | VCC3 |
| 28 | LCD-B1 |
| 29 | LCD-B2 |
| 30 | GND |
| 31 | LCD-B3 |
| 32 | LCD-B4 |

| | | | |
|----|--------|----|---------|
| 13 | LCD-G5 | 33 | GND |
| 14 | LCD-G4 | 34 | LCD-B5 |
| 15 | GND | 35 | LCD-DE |
| 16 | LCD-G3 | 36 | VCC3 |
| 17 | LCD-G2 | 37 | LCD-LP |
| 18 | VCC3 | 38 | LCD-FRM |
| 19 | LCD-G1 | 39 | GND |
| 20 | LCD-G0 | 40 | LCD-SCK |

LCD-VDD-EN is an active low ENAVDD signal to be used in conjunction with the CONLCD-GEN-V2 adapter module, also available from CompuLab.

3.9. PC/104 connector (P10)

A PC/104 (ISA bus type) stackthrough connector. Provides full ISA functionality with minor exceptions. A PCI-to-ISA bridge is used to form an ISA interface.

| Pin | PC/104 Signal | Pin | PC/104 Signal |
|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|
| A01 | IOCHCHK# | B01 | GND |
| A02 | SD7 | B02 | RESETDRV |
| A03 | SD6 | B03 | +5V |
| A04 | SD5 | B04 | IRQ9 |
| A05 | SD4 | B05 | -5V |
| A06 | SD3 | B06 | DRQ2 |
| A07 | SD2 | B07 | -12V |
| A08 | SD1 | B08 | 0WS# |
| A09 | SD0 | B09 | +12V |
| A10 | IOCHRDY | B10 | KEY |
| A11 | AEN | B11 | SMEMW# |
| A12 | SA19 | B12 | SMEMR# |
| A13 | SA18 | B13 | IOW# |
| A14 | SA17 | B14 | IOR# |
| A15 | SA16 | B15 | DACK3# |
| A16 | SA15 | B16 | DRQ3 |
| A17 | SA14 | B17 | DACK1# |
| A18 | SA13 | B18 | DRQ1 |
| A19 | SA12 | B19 | REFRESH |
| A20 | SA11 | B20 | SYSCLK |
| A21 | SA10 | B21 | IRQ7 |
| A22 | SA9 | B22 | IRQ6 |
| A23 | SA8 | B23 | IRQ5 |
| A24 | SA7 | B24 | IRQ4 |

| | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| A25 | SA6 | B25 | IRQ3 |
| A26 | SA5 | B26 | DACK2# |
| A27 | SA4 | B27 | TC |
| A28 | SA3 | B28 | BALE |
| A29 | SA2 | B29 | +5V |
| A30 | SA1 | B30 | OSC |
| A31 | SA0 | B31 | GND |
| A32 | GND | B32 | GND |

| Pin | PC/104 Signal | Pin | PC/104 Signal |
|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|
| C00 | GND | D00 | GND |
| C01 | SBHE# | D01 | MEMCS16# |
| C02 | LA23 | D02 | IOCS16# |
| C03 | LA22 | D03 | IRQ10 |
| C04 | LA21 | D04 | IRQ11 |
| C05 | LA20 | D05 | IRQ12 |
| C06 | LA19 | D06 | IRQ15 |
| C07 | LA18 | D07 | IRQ14 |
| C08 | LA17 | D08 | DACK0# |
| C09 | MEMR# | D09 | DRQ0 |
| C10 | MEMW# | D10 | DACK5# |
| C11 | SD8 | D11 | DRQ5 |
| C12 | SD9 | D12 | DACK6# |
| C13 | SD10 | D13 | DRQ6 |
| C14 | SD11 | D14 | DACK7# |
| C15 | SD12 | D15 | DRQ7 |
| C16 | SD13 | D16 | +5V |
| C17 | SD14 | D17 | MASTER# |
| C18 | SD15 | D18 | GND |
| C19 | KEY | D19 | GND |

Signals marked in [GRAY] are not supported

The functionality of the SB-iGLX's PC/104 bus has the following limitations:

- DMA is not supported, no software support for now.
- Supporting multiple bus masters is not enabled, no software support for now.
- Only the following inputs are supported: IRQ1, IRQ3, IRQ4, IRQ6, IRQ7, IRQ12.

3.10. PC/104+ PCI bus connector (P9)

A standard PC/104+ (PCI bus) connector. The CM-iGLX PCI bus lines are directly connected to the PC/104+ connector. All non-obvious connections are mentioned in notes.

| Pin | Name | Notes | Pin | Name | Notes |
|-----|--------|---------------|-----|------------|-----------|
| A01 | KEY2 | N/C | B01 | (reserved) | |
| A02 | V I/O | 3.3V | B02 | AD02 | |
| A03 | AD05 | | B03 | GND | |
| A04 | CBE0# | | B04 | AD07 | |
| A05 | GND | | B05 | AD09 | |
| A06 | AD11 | | B06 | V I/O | 3.3V |
| A07 | AD14 | | B07 | AD13 | |
| A08 | +3.3V | | B08 | CBE1# | |
| A09 | SERR# | | B09 | GND | |
| A10 | GND | | B10 | PERR# | |
| A11 | STOP# | | B11 | +3.3V | |
| A12 | +3.3V | | B12 | TRDY# | |
| A13 | FRAME# | | B13 | GND | |
| A14 | GND | | B14 | AD16 | |
| A15 | AD18 | | B15 | +3.3V | |
| A16 | AD21 | | B16 | AD20 | |
| A17 | +3.3V | | B17 | AD23 | |
| A18 | IDSEL0 | AD15 via 150R | B18 | GND | |
| A19 | AD24 | | B19 | CBE3# | |
| A20 | GND | | B20 | AD26 | |
| A21 | AD29 | | B21 | +5.0V | |
| A22 | +5.0V | | B22 | AD30 | |
| A23 | REQ0# | PCI-REQ2_A# | B23 | GND | |
| A24 | GND | | B24 | REQ2# | N/C |
| A25 | GNT1# | N/C | B25 | V I/O | 3.3V |
| A26 | +5.0V | | B26 | CLK0 | |
| A27 | CLK2 | | B27 | +5.0V | |
| A28 | GND | | B28 | INTD# | PCI-INTA# |
| A29 | +12V | | B29 | INTA# | PCI-INTB# |
| A30 | -12V | N/C | B30 | (reserved) | |

| Pin | Name | Notes | Pin | Name | Notes |
|-----|------------|---------------|-----|---------|---------------|
| C01 | +5.0V | | D01 | AD00 | |
| C02 | AD01 | | D02 | +5.0V | |
| C03 | AD04 | | D03 | AD03 | |
| C04 | GND | | D04 | AD06 | |
| C05 | AD08 | | D05 | GND | |
| C06 | AD10 | | D06 | M66EN | GND |
| C07 | GND | | D07 | AD12 | |
| C08 | AD15 | | D08 | +3.3V | |
| C09 | SB0# | Pullup | D09 | PAR | |
| C10 | +3.3V | | D10 | SDONE | Pullup |
| C11 | LOCK# | Pullup | D11 | GND | |
| C12 | GND | | D12 | DEVSEL# | |
| C13 | IRDY# | | D13 | +3.3V | |
| C14 | +3.3V | | D14 | CBE2# | |
| C15 | AD17 | | D15 | GND | |
| C16 | GND | | D16 | AD19 | |
| C17 | AD22 | | D17 | +3.3V | |
| C18 | IDSEL1 | AD16 via 150R | D18 | IDSEL2 | AD17 via 150R |
| C19 | V I/O | | D19 | IDSEL3 | AD18 via 150R |
| C20 | AD25 | | D20 | GND | |
| C21 | AD28 | | D21 | AD27 | |
| C22 | GND | | D22 | AD31 | |
| C23 | REQ1# | N/C | D23 | V I/O | |
| C24 | +5.0V | | D24 | GNT0# | PCI-GNT2_A# |
| C25 | GNT2# | N/C | D25 | GND | |
| C26 | GND | | D26 | CLK1 | |
| C27 | CLK3 | | D27 | GND | |
| C28 | +5.0V | | D28 | RST# | |
| C29 | INTB# | PCI-INTC# | D29 | INTC# | PCI-INTD# |
| C30 | (reserved) | | D30 | KEY2 | N/C |

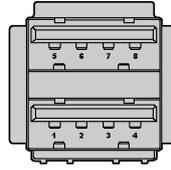
Note

PCI-REQ2_A# / PCI-GNT2_A# are shared with the ISA bridge. Since the ISA bridge almost never uses these signals – they are always available except in cases in which the ISA bridge is specially programmed to be PCI bus-master. There is a resistor that prevents hardware contention on the REQ signal; therefore, these signals can be used on the PC/104+ interface even when the ISA bridge is assembled.

3.11. USB Connector (U11)

A standard dual USB Type-A stacked connector. It is used for USB01 and USB02 interfaces.

| USB interface 1 | | USB interface 2 | |
|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
| 1 | VBUS | 5 | VBUS |
| 2 | USB1-N | 6 | USB1-N |
| 3 | USB1-P | 7 | USB1-P |
| 4 | GND | 8 | GND |



3.12. LVDS & GPIO (P17,P18)

2x5, 100 mil headers for LVDS and GPIO signals. These two connectors form together one 2x10 100mil header.

P17

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|---------|-----|-----------|
| 1 | LVDS-N0 | 2 | LVDS-N1 |
| 3 | LVDS-P0 | 4 | LVDS-P1 |
| 5 | GND | 6 | GND |
| 7 | LVDS-N2 | 8 | LVDS-NCLK |
| 9 | LVDS-P2 | 10 | LVDS-PCLK |

P18

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|----------|-----|---------|
| 1 | LVDS-N3 | 2 | LVDS-P3 |
| 3 | RESERVED | 4 | GPIO3 |
| 5 | RESERVED | 6 | GPIO2 |
| 7 | RESERVED | 8 | GPIO1 |
| 9 | RESERVED | 10 | GPIO0 |

Notes:

- LVDS-N3, LVDS-P3 reserved for 24-bit mode, currently not used.
- Pins 3,5,7,9 must be left unconnected.

3.13. Ethernet Port 1 & 2 (P13 & P14)

A standard RJ45 connectors. P13 provides an interface for the first Ethernet port available in the CM-iGLX module, while P14 connector provides an interface for an Ethernet port implemented on the SB-iGLX board.

| Pin | Name |
|-----|------|
| 1 | TXD+ |
| 2 | TXD- |
| 3 | RXD+ |
| 4 | - |
| 5 | - |
| 6 | RXD- |
| 7 | - |
| 8 | - |

3.14. Ethernet Interface FPC Connector (P11)

The Ethernet interface FPC connector substitutes for the front panel Ethernet connectors when the front panel is not available. It can be used only if the front panel connectors are not assembled. It provides two separate groups of signals, one per Ethernet port available in the CM-iGLX / SB-iGLX system. The first port (ETH1) is implemented on the CM-iGLX and the second, on the SB-iGLX.

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|
| 1 | ETH1-LINK10# | 11 | NC |
| 2 | ETH1-RDP | 12 | ETH2-TDP |
| 3 | ETH1-RDN | 13 | ETH2-TDN |
| 4 | ETH1-LINK10# | 14 | NC |
| 5 | ETH1-LINK100# | 15 | ETH2-ACT# |
| 6 | ETH1-ACT# | 16 | ETH2-LINK100# |
| 7 | NC | 17 | ETH2-LINK10# |
| 8 | ETH1-TDN | 18 | ETH2-RDN |
| 9 | ETH1-TDP | 19 | ETH2-RDP |
| 10 | NC | 20 | ETH2-LINK10# |

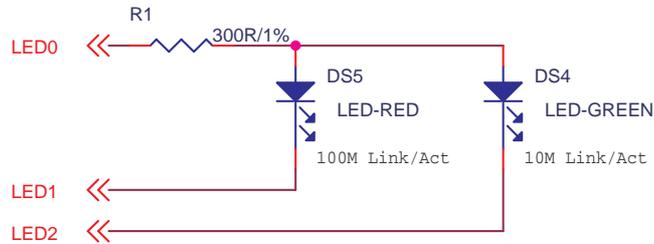
The connector is designed for the connection of 20-wire FPC cable. The FPC connects it to the RJ-45 interface module, which includes one or two RJ-45 connectors, transformers and activity LED's. The module with one or two RJ-45 connectors is available from CompuLab.

The default settings of activity LED's for both interfaces are specified in the table below. Settings can be changed by software.

| | |
|------|----------|
| LED0 | RX/TX |
| LED1 | Link 100 |
| LED2 | Link 10 |

Note: LED signal wires in the flat cable are also used as secondary shielding, so their locations on the header may appear non-obvious.

The LED signal connections as implemented in CompuLab's RJ-45 interface module are:



This connection supplies complete information about speed / link / activity.

LED-RED: 100 Mbps activity indicator
 LED-GREEN: 10 Mbps activity indicator

| Activity | LED (Red/Green) |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| none | off |
| Link (only) | on |
| Tx / Rx (and Link) | blink |

3.15. VGA & COM1 FPC Connector (P19)

The VGA & COM1 FPC connector provides two separate groups of signals, one for the COM1 port and another for the VGA (analog RGB) output provided by the CM-iGLX. Due to relatively low noise sensitivity of signals provided by this connector, it can be used both when the front panel is available and when it is not.

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|---------|-----|-------|
| 1 | NC | 11 | HSYNC |
| 2 | COM1-RX | 12 | GND |
| 3 | COM1-TX | 13 | VSYNC |
| 4 | NC | 14 | GND |
| 5 | GND | 15 | BLUE |
| 6 | NC | 16 | GND |
| 7 | NC | 17 | GREEN |
| 8 | NC | 18 | GND |
| 9 | NC | 19 | RED |
| 10 | GND | 20 | GND |

The connector is designed for the connection of 20-wire FPC cables. The FPC connects it to the DB9/DB15 interface module, which includes a COM port standard DB9 connector and a standard VGA DB15 connector. A DB9/DB15 interface module is available from CompuLab. Individual modules with separate DB9 and DB15 connectors are also available.

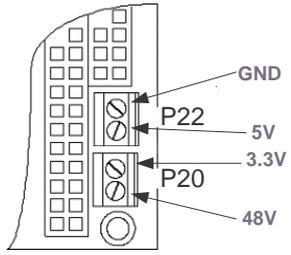
3.16. Power Connector (P22 & P20)

P22: The 2-node terminal block is used as a main power connector.

| Pin | Name |
|-----|------|
| 1 | VCC5 |
| 2 | GND |

P20: The 2-node terminal block is used as a low and high voltage power connector.

| Pin | Name |
|-----|---------|
| 1 | 12V-48V |
| 2 | 3.3V |



4. Functions Implemented on the SB-iGLX

Most of the functions are implemented by the attached CM-iGLX module, while the SB-iGLX board provides relevant connectors or headers. Several additional functions are implemented on the SB-iGLX itself and are described in this section.

4.1. PC/104 Interface and PCI to ISA Bridge

The SB-iGLX provides PC/104 support with almost full ISA functionality, including 8/16 bit I/O and memory access cycles, wait state insertion for slow devices, automatic configuration of bus width (IOCS16#/MEMCS16#), system memory access while accessing memory in the low 1MB of address space (SMEMR#/SMEMW#) and ISA interrupts. The ISA interface has some limitations:

- No ISA DMA support
- No ISA bus mastering support
- Only the following interrupts are supported: IRQ1,IRQ3, IRQ4, IRQ6, IRQ7, IRQ12

In order to implement an ISA interface, the PCI-to-ISA bridge (IT8888G) is used. The bridge is optional and is assembled always together with PC/104 connector assembling.

The PCI-to-ISA bridge maps part of the PCI access ranges to the ISA bus. The default configuration is performed by CM-iGLX's BIOS. Default ISA IO ranges: 0x300-0x31F & 0x8000-0x80FF. The default ISA memory range is mapped at system address range 20000000-200FFFFFF and is reflected on the PC/104 bus as address range 0x000000-0x0FFFFFF.

The customer can change the existing ranges and add new ones by software. Up to six independent IO ranges and four independent memory ranges are available.

4.2. Dual PC-Card Controller

The SB-iGLX implements a dual PC Card interface using a Texas Instruments PCI1520 controller. The PC Card controller and slots are optional, according to the SB-iGLX configuration. The PCI1520 is a high-performance PCI-to-CardBus bridge that supports two independent card sockets compliant with the PC Card standard. The PC Card standard retains the 16-bit PC Card specification (PCMCIA) and defines the new 32-bit PC Card - the CardBus, capable of 32-bit data transfers at 33 MHz. The SB-iGLX supports any combination of PCMCIA and CardBus PC Cards in the two sockets, powered by 5V or 3.3V as required.

The controller is compliant with the PCI Bus Specification and its PCI interface can act as either a PCI master or slave device. PCI bus mastering is initiated during 16-bit PC Card DMA transfers or CardBus PC Card bridging transactions. The controller is also compliant with the latest PCI Bus Power Management Interface Specification.

All PC Card signals are internally buffered to allow hot insertion and removal. The PCI1520 is register-compatible with the Intel 82365SL controller in 16-bit PCMCIA mode. The controller's internal data path logic allows the host to access 8-, 16-, and 32-bit cards using full 32-bit PCI cycles for maximum performance.

Features

- Mix-and-match 5-V/3.3-V 16-bit PC Cards and 3.3-V CardBus Cards
- Two PC Card or CardBus slots with hot insertion and removal
- Dual-slot PC Card power switch
- Burst transfers, 130 MB/s throughput
- Five PCI memory windows and two I/O windows available for each socket
- Two I/O windows and two memory windows available by each CardBus socket
- Intel 82365SL register compatible
- Distributed DMA (DDMA) and PC/PCI DMA
- 16-Bit DMA on both PC Card sockets

The controller is initialized by the CM-iGLX module's BIOS and is supported by all operating system packages. Booting from a PCMCIA ATA card or Compact Flash card with CF-PCMCIA adapter is also supported. In this case, the card is configured to emulate master HDD on the secondary IDE interface.

4.3. 10/100 Mbit Ethernet Port

The SB-iGLX contains one full-featured, optional 10/100 Mbit Ethernet port. This is in addition to the optional Ethernet port contained in the CM-iGLX module. The user can therefore order the iGLX CM/SB system with none, one or two Ethernet port(s). The Ethernet interface is based on the Realtek RTL8139 MAC/PHY component. In functional terms, it is identical to the Ethernet port available on the CM-iGLX. Please refer to the CM-iGLX Reference Guide for details.

The Ethernet port's interface to the external world is through the standard RJ-45 connector if the front panel is assembled. When the front panel is not available – it interfaces via 20-pin FPC connector P11. The appropriate FPC cable and RJ-45 module are available from CompuLab.

Note: the operating system assigns the CM-iGLX's Ethernet to be Port0 and the SB-iGLX's Ethernet, Port1.

4.4. RS-232 and RS-422/485 Serial Port Drivers

The CM-iGLX module has on-board RS-232 drivers for COM1 port. COM2 port of the CM-iGLX have TTL level interface. The SB-iGLX adds two driver options for the COM2 port. The interface of the COM2 port can be either RS-232 or RS-422/485 or both, controlled by assembling the appropriate driver chips. Assembling is done according to SB-iGLX's configuration code: [none] - drivers are not assembled, "X2" - only RS-232 drivers assembled, "X4" - only RS422/485 drivers assembled, "X6" - both RS-232 and RS-422/485 drivers assembled. The RS-232 option is available only with the front panel, because interface header is located there.

RS-422 and RS-485 modes of COM2

The SB-iGLX contains RS-422/485 drivers when its configuration code includes the "X4" or "X6" option. In the case of the "X6" option, when both RS-232 and RS422/485 drivers are present, the SB-iGLX will automatically switch into RS-232 mode on the presence of valid voltage levels on the RS-232 RX input. In the absence of valid input, the card will switch to RS-422/485 mode.

In RS-422/485 modes, TXD outputs of the COM2 port are enabled by the LPC-DRQ-GPIO signal. LPC-DRQ-GPIO "1" level enables TX output, LPC-DRQ-GPIO "0" disables it.

In RS-485 (half duplex) mode, both transmit and receive operations are performed on TX lines. To achieve this, the user must physically connect the RX and TX lines of the serial driver, i.e. RX+ to TX+ and RX- to TX-. In this case, selection between receive and transmit operations is performed by LPC-DRQ-GPIO.

In RS-422 (full duplex) mode, transmit and receive operations are performed on separate line pairs. TX output can be always enabled, though qualifying it by LPC-DRQ-GPIO has no practical effect on system operation. RX and TX lines should not be connected together as in the case of RS-485.

4.5. CAN bus interface

The SB-iGLX implements a CAN bus interface consisting of a Phillips SJA1000 CAN controller with CAN2.0B and PeliCAN support in addition to the BasicCAN standard interface, dual channel digital isolator and physical driver. CAN bus signals are available on P21 connector.

Key features of the CAN bus interface:

- PCA82C200 mode (BasicCAN mode is the default)
 - Extended receive buffer (64-byte FIFO)
- CAN 2.0B protocol compatibility (extended frame passive in PCA82C200 compatibility mode)
- Supports 11-bit identifier as well as 29-bit identifier
- Bit rates up to 1 Mbits/s
- PeliCAN mode extensions:
 - Error counters with read/write access
 - Programmable error warning limit
 - Last error code register
 - Error interrupt for each CAN-bus error
 - Arbitration lost interrupt with detailed bit position
 - Single-shot transmission (no re-transmission)
 - Listen only mode (no acknowledge, no active error flags)
 - Hot plugging support (software driven bit rate detection)
 - Acceptance filter extension (4-byte code, 4-byte mask)
 - Reception of its 'own' messages (self-reception request)
- Fully compatible with the "ISO 11898" standard
- High speed (up to 1 Mbaud)
- Very low ElectroMagnetic Emission (EME)
- Differential receiver with wide common-mode range for high ElectroMagnetic Immunity (EMI)
- An unpowered node does not disturb the bus lines
- Transmit Data (TXD) dominant time-out function
- Silent mode in which the transmitter is disabled
- Bus pins protected against transients in an automotive environment
- Input levels compatible with 3.3 V and 5 V devices
- Thermally protected

- Short-circuit proof to battery and to ground
- At least 110 nodes can be connected

A DC-DC converter isn't implemented, but the user can supply his own CAN-VCC (P21-12) in range 3.3V-5V, and CAN-GND-IN (P21-15) in case of full electrical isolation, or a simple jumper connect of CAN-VCC (P21-12) to the VCC5 (P21-11) and CAN-GND-IN (P21-15) to the GND (P21-16) if your CAN bus does not carry its own isolated supply voltage.

4.6. Power Supply Options

Supply voltage options are:

Regulated 3.3V and 5.0V

3.3V and 5V can be supplied via the power connectors or the PC/104+ connector, directly to board's components, bypassing on-board converters.

Regulated 5V only

In this case, 3.3V is generated on-board, by a step-down converter. The 5V (if required on-board) is routed directly to relevant components. On-board converter has excessive current capability, to supply extender cards, like PC/104+ or PCMCIA. These are allowed to draw up to 3A from 3.3V.

Unregulated 12V-48V

Card can be powered by unregulated voltage in 12V to 48V range. The "S" option in card's part number controls the assembly of a versatile step-down switching converter. The converter delivers a regulated 5V supply to the system, which is then passed to the second 5V-3.3V converter. Connector P20 should be used for high-voltage DC input.

4.7. Video Input Processor

The SB-iGLX baseboard contains a Philips SAA7113H - 9-bit video input processor which receives analog video input (composite) and converts it to CCIR656/601 format in order to transfer the video data to the module's Video Input Port.

The video input processor is a combination of a two-channel analog preprocessing circuit including a source selecting, anti-aliasing filter and ADC, an automatic clamp and gain control, a Clock Generation Circuit (CGC), a digital multi-standard decoder (PAL BGHI, PAL M, PAL N, combination PAL N, NTSC M, NTSC-Japan, NTSC N and SECAM), a brightness, contrast and saturation control circuit, a multi-standard VBI data slicer and a 27 MHz VBI data bypass.

The decoder is based on the principle of line-locked clock decoding and is able to decode the color of PAL, SECAM and NTSC signals into ITU-R BT 601 compatible color component values. It accepts analog CVBS input from TV or VTR sources. The circuit is I2C-bus controlled.

Key features of the Video Input Processor:

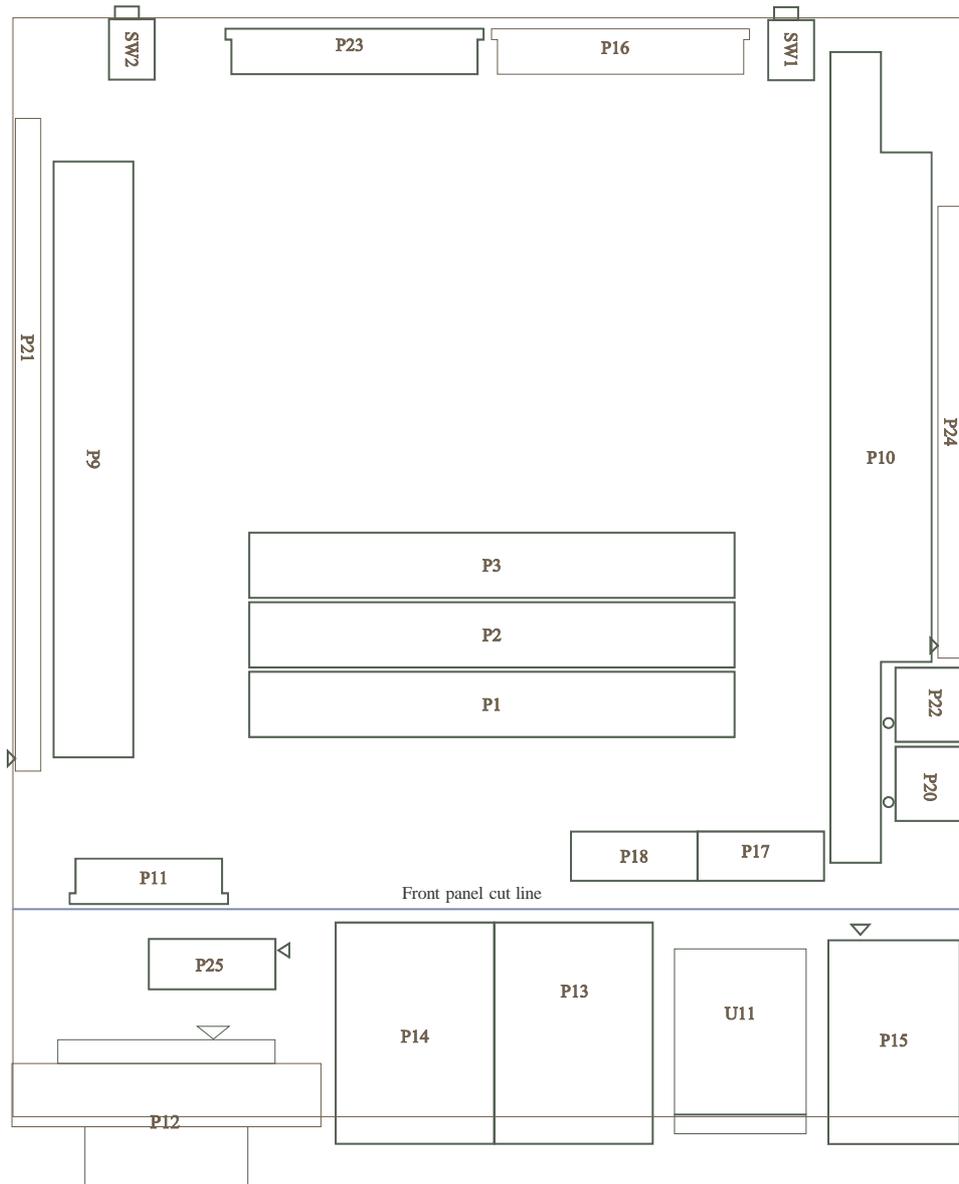
- Two analog preprocessing channels in differential CMOS style for best S/N-performance
- Fully programmable static gain or automatic gain control for the selected CVBS channel
- Switchable white peak control
- Two built-in analog anti-aliasing filters
- Two 9-bit video CMOS Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADC's), digitized CVBS signal are available on the VPO-port via I2C-bus control
- Line-locked system clock frequencies
- Digital PLL for horizontal sync processing and clock generation, horizontal and vertical sync detection
- Automatic detection of 50 Hz and 60 Hz field frequency and automatic switching between PAL and NTSC standards
- Luminance and chrominance signal processing for PAL BGHI, PAL N, combination PAL N, PAL M, NTSC M, NTSC N, NTSC 4.43, NTSC-Japan and SECAM
- User programmable luminance peaking or aperture correction
- Cross-color reduction for NTSC by chrominance comb filtering
- PAL delay line for correcting PAL phase errors
- Brightness Contrast Saturation (BCS) and hue control on-chip
- Multistandard VBI data slicer decoding World Standard Teletext (WST), North-American Broadcast Text System (NABTS), closed caption, Wide Screen Signalling (WSS), Video Programming System (VPS), Vertical Interval Time Code, (VITC) variants (EBU/SMPTE), etc.
- Standard ITU-R BT 656 YUV 4 : 2 : 2 format (8-bit) on VPO output bus
- Enhanced ITU-R BT 656 output format on VPO output bus containing:
 - Active video
 - Raw CVBS data for Intericast applications (27 MHz data rate)
 - Decoded VBI data
- Detection of copy-protected input signals according to the Macrovision standard; can be used to prevent unauthorized recording of pay-TV or videotape signals.

4.8. Front Panel

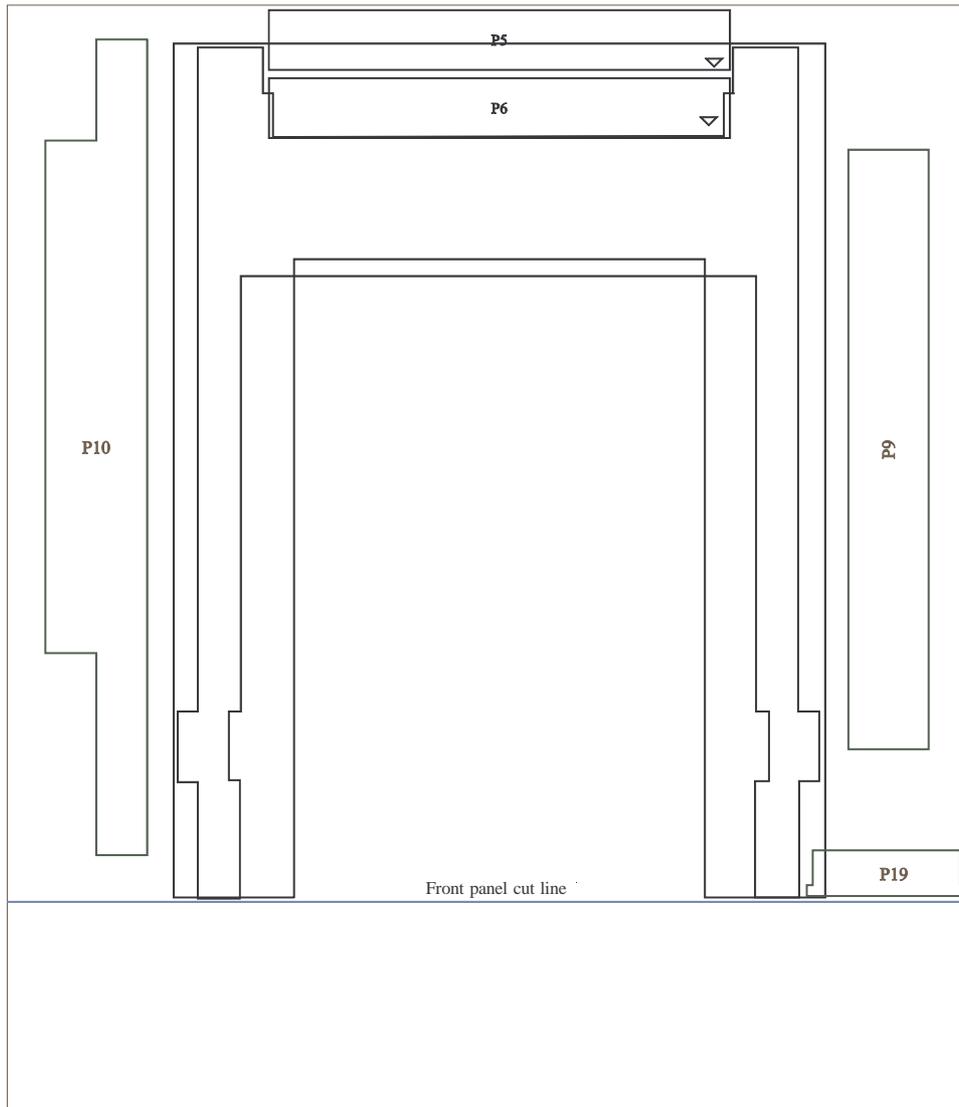
The SB-iGLX contains the extension with standard PC connectors such as Ethernet, COM port, USB and VGA. This extension is called the Front Panel. It can be removed from the SB-iGLX before or after the SB-iGLX is fully assembled. When the front panel is removed, the SB-iGLX remains fully functional and the functions that were available via the final connectors on the front panel will remain available on 20-pin FPC connectors P11 and P19. The one exception is the COM2 port RS-232 interface. It is available only on the front panel.

Without front panel, the SB-iGLX is fully compatible with the PC/104+ form factor.

5. Connector Location



SB-iGLX Top side



SB-iGLX Bottom side (bottom view)

Reference

| | |
|------------|---|
| P1, P2, P3 | CM-iGLX CAMI mating connectors |
| P6+P7 | PC-Card socket A |
| P5+P8 | PC-Card socket B |
| P9 | PC/104+ PCI bus connector |
| P10 | PC/104 (Sub-ISA) connector |
| P11 | Ethernet Interface FPC connector |
| P12 | CRT connector |
| P13 | CM-iGLX Ethernet |
| P14 | SB-iGLX Ethernet |
| P15 | COM1 connector |
| P16 | LCD connector |
| P17 | LVDS connector (Pair 0,1,2 & clock) |
| P18 | LVDS connector(pair 3) +GPIO(0,1,2,3) |
| P19 | COM1 + CRT interfaces FPC connector |
| P20 | High voltage power connector |
| P21 | USB, COM2 RS-422/485 , GPIO, VBAT , CAN, Power button , SMB |
| P22 | 5V Power connector |
| P23 | IDE FPC connector |
| P24 | Audio, Touchscreen, VIP, Reset |
| P25 | COM2 RS-232 Header |
| U11 | USB connector |
| DS5 | Power LED |
| DS6 | Standby LED |
| SW1 | Reset Switch |
| SW2 | Power button |

6. Operating Temperature Ranges

The SB-iGLX is available with three options of operating temperature range:

| | |
|------------|---------------|
| Commercial | 0° to 70° C |
| Extended | -20° to 70° C |
| Industrial | -40° to 85° C |

The cards' manufacturing and certification method for each option is explained in the "Operating Temperature Ranges" section of the CM-iGLX Reference Guide.

The mating CM-iGLX module should be ordered for the same as or better temperature range as of the SB-iGLX. For example, it has no value to use a SB-iGLX manufactured for industrial temp range with a CM-iGLX manufactured for commercial temp range. Such a combination is practically limited to the commercial temp range.